880.2740 Surgical sponge scale.	880.6080 Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
880.2800 Sterilization process indicator.	board.
880.2900 Clinical color change thermometer.	880.6085 Hot/cold water bottle.
880.2910 Clinical electronic thermometer.	880.6100 Ethylene oxide gas aerator cabinet.
880.2920 Clinical mercury thermometer.	880.6140 Medical chair and table.
·	880.6150 Ultrasonic cleaner for medical in-
Subparts D-E—[Reserved]	struments.
•	880.6175 [Reserved]
Subpart F—General Hospital and Personal	880.6185 Cast cover.
Use Therapeutic Devices	880.6190 Mattress cover for medical pur-
	poses.
880.5025 I.V. container.	880.6200 Ring cutter.
880.5045 Medical recirculating air cleaner.	880.6230 Tongue depressor.
880.5075 Elastic bandage.	880.6250 Patient examination glove.
880.5090 Liquid bandage.	880.6265 Examination gown.
880.5100 AC-powered adjustable hospital bed.	880.6280 Medical insole.
880.5110 Hydraulic adjustable hospital bed.	880.6320 AC-powered medical examination
880.5120 Manual adjustable hospital bed.	light.
880.5130 Infant radiant warmer.	880.6350 Battery-powered medical examina-
880.5140 Pediatric hospital bed.	tion light.
880.5150 Nonpowered flotation therapy mat-	880.6375 Patient lubricant.
tress.	880.6430 Liquid medication dispenser.
880.5160 Therapeutic medical binder.	880.6450 Skin pressure protectors. 880.6500 Medical ultraviolet air purifier.
880.5180 Burn sheet.	880.6500 Medical ultraviolet air purifier. 880.6710 Medical ultraviolet water purifier.
880.5200 Intravascular catheter.	880.6730 Body waste receptacle.
880.5210 Intravascular catheter securement	880.6740 Vacuum-powered body fluid suction
device.	apparatus.
880.5240 Medical adhesive tape and adhesive	880.6760 Protective restraint.
bandage.	880.6775 Powered patient transfer device.
880.5270 Neonatal eye pad.	880.6785 Manual patient transfer device.
880.5300 Medical absorbent fiber.	880.6800 Washer for body waste receptacles.
880.5400 Neonatal incubator.	880.6820 Medical disposable scissors.
880.5410 Neonatal transport incubator.	880.6850 Sterilization wrap.
880.5420 Pressure infusor for an I.V. bag.	880.6860 Ethylene oxide gas sterilizer.
880.5430 Nonelectrically powered fluid injec-	880.6870 Dry-heat sterilizer.
tor.	880.6880 Steam sterilizer.
880.5440 Intravascular administration set.	880.6900 Hand-carried stretcher.
880.5450 Patient care reverse isolation	880.6910 Wheeled stretcher.
chamber.	880.6920 Syringe needle introducer.
880.5475 Jet lavage.	880.6960 Irrigating syringe.
880.5500 AC-powered patient lift.	880.6970 Liquid crystal vein locator.
880.5510 Non-AC-powered patient lift.	880.6980 Vein stabilizer.
880.5550 Alternating pressure air flotation	AUTHORITY: Secs. 501, 510, 513, 515, 520, 701
mattress.	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
880.5560 Temperature regulated water mat-	(21 U.S.C. 351, 360, 360c, 360e, 360j, 371).
tress.	· ·
880.5570 Hypodermic single lumen needle.	Source: 45 FR 69682-69737, Oct. 21, 1980, un-
880.5630 Nipple shield.	less otherwise noted.
880.5640 Lamb feeding nipple.	
880.5680 Pediatric position holder.	Subpart A—General Provisions
880.5700 Neonatal phototherapy unit.	225 Part 71 Contoral 110 (1010)
880.5725 Infusion pump.	§880.1 Scope.
880.5740 Suction snakebite kit.	
000 5700 Character lateral and alteral to	(a) This part sets forth the classifica-

Subpart G—General Hospital and Personal Use Miscellaneous Devices

880.5760 Chemical cold pack snakebite kit.

880.5780 Medical support stocking.

880.5860 Piston syringe.

880.5820 Therapeutic scrotal support.

880.5950 Umbilical occlusion device.

880.6025	Absorbent tipped applicator.
880.6050	Ice bag.
880.6060	Medical disposable bedding.
880.6070	Bed board.

§880.1 Scope. (a) This part sets forth the classification of general hospital and personal

use devices intended for human use that are in commercial distribution. (b) The identification of a device in a regulation in this part is not a precise description of every device that is, or will be, subject to the regulation. A

manufacturer who submits a premarket notification submission for a device under Part 807 may not show merely that the device is accurately described by the section title and identification provisions of a regulation in this part, but shall state why the device is substantially equivalent to other devices, as required by §807.87.

(c) To avoid duplicative listings, a general hospital and personal use device that has two or more types of uses (e.g., used both as a diagnostic device and as a therapeutic device) is listed only in one subpart.

(d) References in this part to regulatory sections of the Code of Federal Regulations are to Chapter I of Title 21, unless otherwise noted.

[52 FR 17738, May 11, 1987]

§880.3 Effective dates of requirement for premarket approval.

A device included in this part that is classified into class III (premarket approval) shall not be commercially distributed after the date shown in the regulation classifying the device unless the manufacturer has an approval under section 515 of the act (unless an exemption has been granted under section 520(g)(2) of the act). An approval under section 515 of the act consists of FDA's issuance of an order approving an application for premarket approval (PMA) for the device or declaring completed a product development protocol (PDP) for the device.

(a) Before FDA requires that a device commercially distributed before the enactment date of the amendments, or a device that has been found substantially equivalent to such a device, has an approval under section 515 of the act FDA must promulgate a regulation under section 515(b) of the act requiring such approval, except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section. Such a regulation under section 515(b) of the act shall not be effective during the grace period ending on the 90th day after its promulgation or on the last day of the 30th full calendar month after the regulation that classifies the device into class III is effective, whichever is later. See section 501(f)(2)(B) of the act. Accordingly, unless an effective date of the requirement for premarket approval is shown in the regulation for a device classified into class III in this part, the device may be commercially distributed without FDA's issuance of an order approving a PMA

or declaring completed a PDP for the device. If FDA promulgates a regulation under section 515(b) of the act requiring premarket approval for a device, section 501(f)(1)(A) of the act applies to the device.

(b) Any new, not substantially equivalent, device introduced into commercial distribution on or after May 28, 1976, including a device formerly marketed that has been substantially altered, is classified by statute (section 513(f) of the act) into class III without any grace period and FDA must have issued an order approving a PMA or declaring completed a PDP for the device before the device is commercially distributed unless it is reclassified. If FDA knows that a device being commercially distributed may be a "new" devices defined in this section because of any new intended use or other reasons, FDA may codify the statutory classification of the device into class III for such new use. Accordingly, the regulation for such a class III device states that as of the enactment date of the amendments, May 28, 1976, the device must have an approval under section 515 of the act before commercial distribution.

[52 FR 17738, May 11, 1987]

§880.9 Limitations of exemptions from section 510(k) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act).

The Food and Drug Administration's (FDA's) decision to grant an exemption from the requirement of premarket notification (section 510(k) of the act) for a generic type of class I device is based upon the existing and reasonably foreseeable characteristics of commercially distributed devices within that generic type. Because FDA cannot anticipate every change in intended use or characteristic that could significantly affect a device's safety or effectiveness, manufacturers of any commercially distributed class I device for which FDA has granted an exemption from the requirement of premarket notification must still submit a premarket notification to FDA before introducing or delivering for introduction into interstate commerce for commercial distribution the device when:

(a) The device is intended for a use different from its intended use before